

# U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

Running Foxes Petroleum Inc. - North Stoner Lease, Vernon County, MO

### Overview of the Checklist

This checklist is designed to assist EPA inspectors in conducting a thorough and nationally consistent inspection of a facility's compliance with the Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) rule at 40 CFR part 112. It is a required tool to help federal inspectors (or their contractors) record observations for the site inspection and review of the SPCC Plan. While the checklist is meant to be comprehensive, the inspector should always refer to the SPCC rule in its entirety, the SPCC Regional Inspector Guidance Document, and other relevant guidance for evaluating compliance. This checklist must be completed in order for an inspection to count toward an agency measure (i.e., OEM inspection measures or GPRA). The completed checklist and supporting documentation (i.e. photo logs or additional notes) serve as the inspection report.

This checklist addresses requirements for onshore oil drilling, production and workover facilities (including Tier II Qualified Facilities that meet the eligibility criteria set forth in §112.3(g)(2)). Qualified facilities must meet the rule requirements in §112.6 and other applicable sections specified in §112.6, except for deviations that provide environmental equivalence and secondary containment impracticability determinations as allowed under §112.6.

The checklist is organized according to the SPCC rule. Each item in the checklist identifies the relevant section and paragraph in 40 CFR part 112 where that requirement is stated.

- Sections 112.1 through 112.5 specify the applicability of the rule and requirements for the preparation, implementation, and amendment of SPCC Plans. For these sections, the checklist includes data fields to be completed, as well as several questions with "yes," "no" "NA" answers.
- Section 112.6 includes requirements for qualified facilities. These provisions are addressed in Attachment D.
- Section 112.7 includes general requirements that apply to all facilities (unless otherwise excluded).
- Section 112.9 specifies spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements for onshore oil drilling, production and workover facilities
- Section 112.10 specifies spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements for onshore oil drilling, production, and workover facilities.

The inspector needs to evaluate whether the requirement is addressed adequately or inadequately in the SPCC Plan and whether it is implemented adequately in the field (either by field observation or record review). For the SPCC Plan and implementation in the field, if a requirement is addressed adequately, mark the "Yes" box in the appropriate column. If a requirement is not addressed adequately, mark the "No" box. If a requirement does not apply to the particular facility or the question asked is not appropriate for the facility, mark as "NA". Discrepancies or descriptions of inspector interpretation of "No" vs. "NA" may be documented in the comments box subsequent to each section. If a provision of the rule applies only to the SPCC Plan, the "Field" column is shaded.

Space is provided throughout the checklist to record comments. Additional space is available as Attachment E at the end of the checklist. Comments should remain factual and support the evaluation of compliance.

#### Attachments

- Attachment A is for recording information about containers and other locations at the facility that require secondary containment.
- Attachment B is a checklist for documentation of the tests and inspections the facility operator is required to keep with the SPCC Plan.
- Attachment C is a checklist for oil spill contingency plans following 40 CFR 109. Unless a facility has submitted a Facility Response Plan (FRP) under 40 CFR 112.20, a contingency plan following 40 CFR 109 is required if a facility determines that secondary containment is impracticable as provided in 40 CFR 112.7(d). The same requirement for an oil spill contingency plan applies to the owner or operator of a facility with qualified oil-filled operational equipment that chooses to implement alternative requirements instead of general secondary containment requirements as provided in 40 CFR 112.7(k).
- Attachment D is a checklist for Tier II Qualified Facilities.
- Attachment E is for recording additional comments or notes.
- Attachment F is for recording information about photos.

FACILITY INFORMATION							
FACILITY NAME: Running Foxes Petroleu	m Ind	c. – North	Stoner Leas	е			
LATITUDE: 37.933783°	LON	NGITUDE	: -94.614497	0	GPS DAT	TUM: WGS	684
Section/Township/Range: SW1/4, S6, T36	N, R3	33W	FRS#/OIL DATABASE ID: R7-		R7-MO-00	198	ICIS#:
ADDRESS: South 100 Rd at East Hudson	Road	d, 3.4 mile	es northwest	of Richards, MO	O		
CITY: Richards STAT		TE: MO ZIP: 64778		С		DUNTY: Vernon	
MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT FROM FACILITY	TY ADD	RESS – IF N	OT, PRINT "SAME")	: 1690 155 <sup>th</sup> St.			
CITY: Fort Scott	STA	TE: KS		ZIP: 66701		CC	DUNTY:
TELEPHONE: (303)-548-1542		FACILIT	Y CONTACT	NAME/TITLE:	Joe Taglie	eri, Preside	ent
OWNER NAME: Running Foxes Petroleun	n, Inc						
OWNER ADDRESS: 14550 E. Easter Ave	nue, :	Suite 200	1				
CITY: Centennial	STA	TE: CO		ZIP: 80112		C	OUNTY: Arapahoe
TELEPHONE: (303)-548-1542		FAX:			EM	IAIL: joe.ta	glieri@runningfoxes.com
FACILITY OPERATOR NAME (IF DIFFERENT	FROM (	OWNER – IF I	NOT, PRINT "SAME	"): Same			
OPERATOR ADDRESS:							
CITY:	STA	TE: ZIP:		Co		OUNTY:	
TELEPHONE:		OPERATOR CONTACT NAME/TITLE: Same					
FACILITY TYPE: Oil production lease					N/	AICS CODE: 211111	
HOURS PER DAY FACILITY ATTENDED:	: 1		TOTAL FACILITY CAPACITY: 50,400 gallons			400 gallons	
TYPE(S) OF OIL STORED: Crude oil; oil-v	vater	mix; salt	water				
LOCATED IN INDIAN COUNTRY?	s E	NO R	ESERVATIO	N NAME:			
INSPECTION/PLAN REVIEW INFOR	MAT	ION					
PLAN REVIEW DATE: 8/20/2020		REVIE	REVIEWER NAME: Jeff Pritchard				
INSPECTION DATE: 8/21/2020		TIME: 1:00 PM ACTIVITY ID NO: SI		SPCC-MO-2020-00012			
LEAD INSPECTOR: Jeff Pritchard							
OTHER INSPECTOR(S):							
INSPECTOR ACKNOWLEDGMENT							
I performed an SPCC inspection at the fac	ility s	pecified a	above.				
INSPECTOR SIGNATURE:	36 T	ntu				D	ATE: 9-11-2020
SUPERVISOR REVIEW/SIGNATURE:	Si	ısan i	Fisher			D	ATE: 9/14/2020

SPCC GENERAL APPLICABILITY—40 CFR 112.1					
IS THE FACILITY REGULATED UNDER 40 CFR part 112?					
The completely buried oil storage capacity is over 42,000 U.S. gallo storage capacity is over 1,320 U.S. gallons <b>AND</b>	ns, <u>OR</u> the aggregate aboveground o	il			
The facility is a non-transportation-related facility engaged in drilling, producing, gathering, storing, processing, refining, transferring, distributing, using, or consuming oil and oil products, which due to its location could reasonably be expected to discharge oil into or upon the navigable waters of the United States					
AFFECTED WATERWAY(S): Unnamed tributary to Shiloh Creek	DISTANCE: < 750 feet to Shiloh Creek	o tributary; 2.5 miles to			
FLOW PATH TO WATERWAY: Surface drainage to unnamed tributary that flows to Shiloh Creek					
Note: The following storage capacity is not considered in determining applicability  Equipment subject to the authority of the U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Department of the Interior, or Minerals Management Service, as defined in Memoranda of Understanding dated November 24, 1971, and November 8, 1993; Tank trucks that return to an otherwise	ty of SPCC requirements:  · Containers smaller than 55 U.S. gallons;  · Permanently closed containers (as defined in §112.2);  · Motive power containers (as defined in §112.2);				
regulated facility that contain only residual amounts of oil (EPA Policy letter)	· Hot-mix asphalt or any hot-mix asphalt	,			
<ul> <li>Completely buried tanks subject to all the technical requirements of 40 CFR part 280 or a state program approved under 40 CFR part 281;</li> </ul>	Heating oil containers used solely at a				
<ul> <li>Underground oil storage tanks deferred under 40 CFR part 280 that supply emergency diesel generators at a nuclear power generation facility licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and subject to any NRC provision regarding design and quality criteria, including but not limited to CFR part 50;</li> </ul>	Pesticide application equipment and re-     Any milk and milk product container and appurtenances; and	d associated piping and			
<ul> <li>Any facility or part thereof used exclusively for wastewater treatment (production, recovery or recycling of oil is not considered wastewater treatment); (This does not include other oil containers located at a wastewater treatment facility, such as generator tanks or transformers)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Intra-facility gathering lines subject to the of 49 CFR part 192 or 195.</li> </ul>	ne regulatory requirements			
Does the facility have an SPCC Plan?		✓ Yes   ☐ No			
FACILITY RESPONSE PLAN (FRP) APPLICABILITY—40 CFR	112.20(f)				
A non-transportation related onshore facility is required to prepare and in The facility transfers oil over water to or from vessels and has a 42,000 U.S. gallons, <b>OR</b>					
☐ The facility has a total oil storage capacity of at least 1 million U.	S. gallons, <u>AND</u> at least one of the fo	llowing is true:			
The facility does not have secondary containment sufficien plus sufficient freeboard for precipitation.	tly large to contain the capacity of the	largest aboveground tank			
$\square$ The facility is located at a distance such that a discharge c	ould cause injury to fish and wildlife a	nd sensitive environments.			
The facility is located such that a discharge would shut dov	vn a public drinking water intake.				
☐ The facility has had a reportable discharge greater than or	equal to 10,000 U.S. gallons in the pa	ast 5 years.			
Facility has FRP: ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA	FRP Number:				
Facility has a completed and signed copy of Appendix C, Attachment C-"Certification of the Applicability of the Substantial Harm Criteria."	II,	✓ Yes   ☐ No			
Comments: The facility stores less than the FRP-regulated quantity and Petroleum production records for this lease go back to November 2008.					
SPCC TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY APPLICABILITY—40 CFR 112.3(g)(2)					
The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity is 10,000 U.S. gallons	or less <u>AND</u>	☐ Yes ☑ No			
In the three years prior to the SPCC Plan self-certification date, or since facility has been in operation for less than three years), the facility has $\underline{\bf N}$					
<ul> <li>A single discharge as described in 8112 1/h) exceeding 1 000 H S α</li> </ul>	allone OP	□Voc □No			

Two discharged	• Two discharges as described in §112.1(b) each exceeding 42 U.S. gallons within any twelve-month period <sup>1</sup> Yes No							
	IF <b>YES</b> TO ALL OF THE ABOVE, THEN THE FACILITY IS A TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY <sup>2</sup> SEE ATTACHMENT D FOR TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY CHECKLIST							
REQUIREMENTS FOR PREPARATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A SPCC PLAN—40 CFR 112.3								
Date facility began operations: Running Fox Petroleum, Inc. production records for this lease date back to 2008. SPCC Plan states nitial operation began in 2010.								
	Date of initial SPCC Plan preparation: Unknown – Current lan states January 2014 was the date of initial plan.  Current Plan version (date/number): August 28, 2019							
112.3(a)		ction or workover facilitie n offshore component; c						
		on or prior to November by <b>November 10, 2010</b>		Plan prepared	and/or am	nended and fully	☐ Yes ☐	□No ☑NA
	o Plan pre operatio		ented befor	re drilling and v		_		□No ☑NA □No ☑NA
		epared and fully implemo perations	ented withi	n six months at	fter oil pro	duction facilities		
	In operation implemented	g, production or workove on or prior to November by <b>November 10, 2011</b>	10, 2011: 1	Plan prepared			☐ Yes 🗹	ZNo □NA
	<ul> <li>Facilities beginning operation after November 10, 2011:</li> <li>○ Plan prepared and fully implemented before drilling and workover facilities begin operations; or</li> </ul>				]no ☑na			
		epared and fully implem perations	nented with	in six months a	ifter oil pro	oduction facilities	☐ Yes ☐	□No ☑NA
112.3(d)	PE attests:	a registered Profession	-	, ,	udes state	ements that the	✓ Yes	□No □NA
		r with the requirements on the contract with the requirements of the contract with t	· ·	-				□No □NA
	Plan is prepa	red in accordance with	good engin	· neering practice				□No □NA □No □NA
		industry standards and or required inspections				12		□No □NA
		uate for the facility						□No □NA
	• For produced water containers subject to 112.9(c)(6), any procedure to minimize the amount of free-phase oil is designed to reduce the accumulation of free-phase oil and the procedures and frequency for required inspections, maintenance and testing have been established and are described in the Plan, if applicable   Yes □ No ☑ NA					]No ☑NA		
PE Name: Amy	Michelle Reed	License No.: 000165	5	State: MO		Date of certificati	on: 2/7/20	17
112.3(e)(1)	Plan is available of available at the ne comments section	onsite if attended at lease arest field office. (Please below.)	t 4 hours p	er day. If facility arest field office	y is unatte contact ii	ended, Plan is nformation in	¥ Yes □	□No □NA
President. The 2019 and is refle	current plan states t	m, Inc. production record the initial plan version w ive plan revisions. The e.	as develop	ed in January	2014. Th	e current SPCC p	lan is dated	d August 28,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An owner/operator who self-certifies a Tier II SPCC Plan may not include any environmentally equivalent alternatives or secondary containment impracticability determinations unless reviewed and certified by a PE.

AMENDMENT	OF SPCC PLAN B	Y REGIONAL ADMI	NISTRATOR (RA)—40	CFR 112.4	
112.4(a),(c)			U.S. gallons of oil in a sin reportable discharges in a		☑ Yes ☐ No
If YES	Was information	submitted to the RA a	s required in §112.4(a)? <sup>4</sup>		☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
	Was information pollution control	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA			
	, ,	, ,	scharges(s) under this sec	tion:	
	Were the discharge	arges reported to the NI	RC <sup>5</sup> ?		☐ Yes ☑ No
112.4(d),(e)	Have changes requir	ed by the RA been imp	lemented in the Plan and/	or facility?	✓ Yes □ No □ NA
Response activi	ties conducted by Rur	ning Foxes personnel i	red on July 26, 2017. EPA included the collection of 8 lwaters of Shiloh Creek.		
Stoner tank batt battery. Addition and produced w Corporation Cor	ery, outside of second nally, on July 30, 2020 ater occurred. That d nmission responded to	lary containment. That b, a discharge associate ischarge impacted the to b that discharge. The N	ely 150 gallons (as reported discharge reportedly did red with the Emmerson least unnamed tributary north of National Response Center occiated with the 2020 discounters.	not impact the unnamed to se of approximately 210 of the Emmerson tank batto was not notified of either	ributary north of the tank gallons (5 barrels) of oil ery. The Kansas
AMENDMENT	OF SPCC PLAN B	Y THE OWNER OR	OPERATOR—40 CFR	112.5	
112.5(a)	Has there been a cha described in §112.1(l		materially affects the pote	ntial for a discharge	☐Yes ☑No
If YES	Was the Plan are	mended within six mont	ths of the change?		☐ Yes ☑ No
	Were amendme	ents implemented within	n six months of any Plan a	mendment?	☐ Yes ☑ No
112.5(b)	Review and evaluation	on of the Plan complete	ed at least once every 5 ye	ars?	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
	prevention and contro		vithin six months to include been field-proven to signifi 1(b)?		☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	Amendments implem	ented within six months	s of any Plan amendment	?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	Five year Plan reviev	v and evaluation docum	nented?		☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
112.5(c)			chnical Plan amendments of for self-certified Plans]	in accordance with all	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
Name:		License No.:	State:	Date of certification	on:
			t was recertified on Februa ons that did not require Pl		SPCC plan is dated
GENERAL SE	PCC REQUIREMEN	TS—40 CFR 112.7		PLAN	FIELD
Management ap		thority to commit the n	ecessary resources to	✓ Yes □ No	
	quence of the rule or is nd includes a cross-re		eeting all applicable rule	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	
details of their in			t not yet fully operational, Relevant for inspection	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	
112.7(a)(2)	(h)(2) and (3), and (i except the secondar	) and applicable subpa	irements of §§112.7(g), rts B and C of the rule, nents in §§112.7(c) and (c)	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A reportable discharge is a discharge as described in §112.1(b)(see 40 CFR part 110). The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Triggering this threshold may disqualify the facility from meeting the Qualified Facility criteria if it occurred in the three years prior to self-certification

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inspector Note-Confirm any spills identified above were reported to NRC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> May be part of the Plan or demonstrated elsewhere.

If YES	The Plan states reasons for nonconformance	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	
	Alternative measures described in detail and provide equivalent environmental protection (Note: Inspector should document if	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	the environmental equivalence is implemented in the field, in accordance with the Plan's description)		
Describe each of individual lease	s regarding the		
112.7(a)(3)	Plan describes physical layout of facility and includes a diagram <sup>7</sup> that identifies:	☐ Yes ☑ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
	Location and contents of all regulated fixed oil storage containers		
	Storage areas where mobile or portable containers are located		
	<ul> <li>Completely buried tanks otherwise exempt from the SPCC requirements (marked as "exempt")</li> </ul>		
	Transfer stations		
	<ul> <li>Connecting pipes, including intra-facility gathering lines that are otherwise exempt from the requirements of this part under §112.1(d)(11)</li> </ul>		
	Plan addresses each of the following:		
(i)	For each fixed container, type of oil and storage capacity (see Attachment A of this checklist). For mobile or portable containers, type of oil and storage capacity for each container or an estimate of the potential number of mobile or portable containers, the types of oil, and anticipated storage capacities	☐ Yes ☑ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
(ii)	Discharge prevention measures, including procedures for routine handling of products (loading, unloading, and facility transfers, etc.)	✓ Yes □ No	☑ Yes ☐ No
(iii)	Discharge or drainage controls, such as secondary containment around containers, and other structures, equipment, and procedures for the control of a discharge	✓ Yes □ No	✓ Yes □ No
(iv)	Countermeasures for discharge discovery, response, and cleanup (both facility's and contractor's resources)	✓ Yes □ No	☑ Yes ☐ No
(v)	Methods of disposal of recovered materials in accordance with applicable legal requirements	✓ Yes  ☐ No	
(vi)	Contact list and phone numbers for the facility response coordinator, National Response Center, cleanup contractors with an agreement for response, and all Federal, State, and local agencies who must be contacted in the case of a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☑ Yes ☐ No	
112.7(a)(4)	Does not apply if the facility has submitted an FRP under §112.20:	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	
	Plan includes information and procedures that enable a person reporting an oil discharge as described in §112.1(b) to relate information	on on the:	
	Exact address or location and phone     Description of all at	fected media;	
	<ul> <li>number of the facility;</li> <li>Date and time of the discharge;</li> <li>Damages or injurie</li> </ul>		
	Type of material discharged;     discharge;	•	
	<ul> <li>Estimates of the total quantity discharged;</li> <li>Estimates of the quantity discharged as</li> <li>Actions being used mitigate the effects</li> </ul>		
	described in §112.1(b); • Whether an evacual	ation may be needed; and	
	Source of the discharge;     Names of individua who have also bee	lls and/or organizations n contacted.	
112.7(a)(5)	Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20:	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	
	Plan organized so that portions describing procedures to be used when a discharge occurs will be readily usable in an emergency		
112.7(b)	Plan includes a prediction of the direction, rate of flow, and total quantity of oil that could be discharged for each type of major equipment failure where experience indicates a reasonable potential for equipment failure	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	
	5-gallon drum of solvent naphtha was present at the North Stoner tank		
	naphtha was actively being used for oil field operations. The SPCC cors associated with the lease.	itains no details regardin	g the presence of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Note in comments any discrepancies between the facility diagram, the description of the physical layout of facility, and what is observed in the field

112.7(c)	Appropriate containment and/or diversionary structures or equipment described in §112.1(b), except as provided in §112.7(k) of this sec equipment and §112.9(d)(3) for certain flowlines and intra-facility. The entire containment system, including walls and floors, are capable prevent escape of a discharge from the containment system before capacity for secondary containment address the typical failure mode adischarged. See Attachment A of this checklist.  For onshore facilities, one of the following or its equivalent:	tion for certain qualified gathering lines at an of e of containing oil and ard leanup occurs. The metho	d operational il production facility. e constructed to od, design, and
		PLAN	FIELD
		aterials.	diversionary structures
	or equipment are provided as described above:	1	1
	✓ Bulk storage containers	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	
	☐ Mobile/portable containers	Yes No NA	
	☑ Oil-filled operational equipment (as defined in 112.2)	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	Other oil-filled equipment (i.e., manufacturing equipment)	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	☑ Piping and related appurtenances	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	☐ Mobile refuelers of non-transportation-related tank cars	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	✓ Transfer areas, equipment and activities	✓ Yes □ No □ NA ✓ Yes □ No □ NA	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA  ✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	Identify any other equipment or activities that are not listed above: Oil field flow lines	Yes LINO LINA	Yes LINO LINA
112.7(d)	Secondary containment for one (or more) of the following provisions is determined to be impracticable:	✓ Yes □ No	
	General secondary containment \$112.7(c) Bulk storage containers \$\\$112.8(c)(2)/112.12(c)(2)		
	Loading/unloading rack §112.7(h)(1)		
If <b>YES</b>	The impracticability of secondary containment is clearly demonstrated and described in the Plan	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	✓ Yes □ No □ NA
	<ul> <li>For bulk storage containers,<sup>8</sup> periodic integrity testing of containers and integrity and leak testing of the associated valves and piping is conducted</li> </ul>	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	<ul> <li>(Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20):</li> <li>Contingency Plan following the provisions of 40 CFR part 109 is provided (see Attachment C of this checklist) AND</li> </ul>	▼Yes □No □NA	
	<ul> <li>Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful</li> </ul>	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	✓ Yes □ No □ NA
secondary conta	ulk containers are within sized secondary containment. A 55-gallon dru ainment. The presence of mobile containers and drums was not detaile bil field flowlines is cited as impracticable; therefore, an Oil Spill Contin	ed in the SPCC plan. Ge	neral secondary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> These additional requirements apply only to bulk storage containers, when an impracticability determination has been made by the PE

		PLAN	FIELD
112.7(e)	Inspections and tests conducted in accordance with written procedures	✓ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
	Record of inspections or tests signed by supervisor or inspector	☑ Yes ☐ No	✓ Yes □ No
	Kept with Plan for at least 3 years (see Attachment B of this checklist) <sup>9</sup>	▼ Yes □ No	✓ Yes □ No
112.7(f)	Personnel, training, and oil discharge prevention procedures	<del>,</del>	<u>,                                      </u>
(1)	Training of oil-handling personnel in operation and maintenance of equipment to prevent discharges; discharge procedure protocols; applicable pollution control laws, rules, and regulations; general facility operations; and contents of SPCC Plan	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
(2)	Person designated as accountable for discharge prevention at the facility and reports to facility management	✓ Yes   No   NA	▼Yes □No □NA
(3)	Discharge prevention briefings conducted at least once a year for oil handling personnel to assure adequate understanding of the Plan. Briefings highlight and describe known discharges as described in §112.1(b) or failures, malfunctioning components, and any recently developed precautionary measures	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	✓ Yes □ No □ NA
112.7(h)	Tank car and tank truck loading/unloading rack <sup>10</sup> is present at the face Loading/unloading rack means a fixed structure (such as a platform, gangway tank car, which is located at a facility subject to the requirements of this part. A unloading arm, and may include any combination of the following: piping asses sensors, or personnel safety devices.	) necessary for loading or ur A loading/unloading rack incl	ludes a loading or
If YES (1)	Does loading/unloading rack drainage flow to catchment basin or treatment facility designed to handle discharges or use a quick drainage system?	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	Containment system holds at least the maximum capacity of the largest single compartment of a tank car/truck loaded/unloaded at the facility	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(2)	An interlocked warning light or physical barriers, warning signs, wheel chocks, or vehicle brake interlock system in the area adjacent to the <b>loading or unloading rack</b> to prevent vehicles from departing before complete disconnection of flexible or fixed oil transfer lines	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(3)	Lower-most drains and all outlets on tank cars/trucks inspected prior to filling/departure, and, if necessary ensure that they are tightened, adjusted, or replaced to prevent liquid discharge while in transit	□Yes □No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
of pressure. Ru viewed during the	e scope of daily and monthly inspections are detailed in the plan. Insperinning Foxes stated during the inspection that 2 pressure gauges monime inspection was inoperable as a result of an agricultural fire that occurs is pections could not be completed as detailed in the SPCC plan. Month	tor the flow lines. One of rred at least several mon	the pressure gauges ths prior, indicating
		PLAN	FIELD
112.7(i)	Brittle fracture evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers is conducted after tank repair, alteration, reconstruction, or change in service that might affect the risk of a discharge or after a discharge/failure due to brittle fracture or other catastrophe, and appropriate action taken as necessary (applies to only field-constructed aboveground containers in production service, drilling, and workover service)	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
112.7(j)	Discussion of conformance with applicable more stringent State rules, regulations, and guidelines and other effective discharge prevention and containment procedures listed in 40 CFR part 112	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Records of inspections and tests kept under usual and customary business practices will suffice <sup>10</sup> Note that a tank car/truck loading/unloading rack must be present for §112.7(h) to apply

112.7(k)	Qualified oil-filled operational equipment is present at the facility <sup>11</sup>						
If YES	Oil-filled operational equipment means equipment that includes an oil storage container (or multiple containers) in which the oil is present solely to support the function of the apparatus or the device. Oil-filled operational equipment is not considered a bulk storage container, and does not include oil-filled manufacturing equipment (flow-through process). Examples of oil-filled operational equipment include, but are not limited to, hydraulic systems, lubricating systems (e.g., those for pumps, compressors and other rotating equipment, including pumpjack lubrication systems), gear boxes, machining coolant systems, heat transfer systems, transformers, circuit breakers, electrical switches, and other systems containing oil solely to enable the operation of the device.						
	Secondary Containment provided in accordance with 112.7(c)						
	Alternative measure described below (confirm eligibility)						
112.7(k)	Qualified Oil-Filled Operational Equipment						
	<ul> <li>Has a single reportable discharge as described in §112.1(b) from any oil-filled operational equipment exceeding 1,000 U.S. gallons occurred within the three years prior to Plan certification date?</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Have two reportable discharges as described in §112.1(b) from a equipment each exceeding 42 U.S. gallons occurred within any 1 the three years prior to Plan certification date?<sup>12</sup></li> </ul>		☐Yes ☑No ☐NA				
	If YES for either, secondary containment in accord	lance with §112.7(c) is red	quired				
	<ul> <li>Facility procedure for inspections or monitoring program to detect equipment failure and/or a discharge is established and documented</li> </ul>	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA				
	Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20:						
	<ul> <li>Contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109 (see Attachment C of this checklist) is provided in Plan <u>AND</u></li> </ul>	✓ Yes □ No □ NA					
	Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful is provided in Plan	♥Yes □No □NA					
Comments: F	acility has oil pumpjacks. An Oil Spill Contingency Plan has been deve	eloped for the facility.					
ONSHORE OF	IL PRODUCTION FACILITIES—40 CFR 112.9 NA	PLAN	FIELD				
Production facility intra-facility gathe related equipment storage or measu subject to a specif	(Drilling and workover facilities are excluded from the requirements of §112.9)  Production facility means all structures (including but not limited to wells, platforms, or storage facilities), piping (including but not limited to flowlines or intra-facility gathering lines), or equipment (including but not limited to workover equipment, separation equipment, or auxiliary non-transportation-related equipment) used in the production, extraction, recovery, lifting, stabilization, separation or treating of oil (including condensate), or associated storage or measurement, and is located in an oil or gas field, at a facility. This definition governs whether such structures, piping, or equipment are subject to a specific section of this part.						
112.9(b) Oil Pro	oduction Facility Drainage	T					
(1)	At tank batteries, separation and treating areas where there is a reasonable possibility of a discharge as described in §112.1(b), drains for dikes or equivalent measures are closed and sealed except when draining uncontaminated rainwater. Accumulated oil on the rainwater is removed and then returned to storage or disposed of in accordance with legally approved methods	Yes □ No □ NA	✓ Yes □ No □ NA				
	Prior to drainage, diked area inspected and action taken as provided below:						
	112.8(c)(3)(ii) - Retained rainwater is inspected to ensure that its presence will not cause a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	□Yes □No ☑NA				
	<ul> <li>112.8(c)(3)(iii) - Bypass valve opened and resealed under responsible supervision</li> </ul>	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA				
	<ul> <li>112.8(c)(3)(iv) - Adequate records of drainage are kept; for example, records required under permits issued in accordance with §122.41(j)(2) and (m)(3)</li> </ul>	□Yes □No ☑NA	□Yes □No ☑NA				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> This provision does not apply to oil-filled manufacturing equipment (flow-through process)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

(2)	Field drainage systems (e.g., drainage ditches or road ditches) and oil traps, sumps, or skimmers inspected at regularly scheduled intervals for oil, and accumulations of oil promptly removed	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
Bulk storage con	eduction Facility Bulk Storage Containers  ainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pu  being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, op		
(1)	Containers materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	▼Yes □No □NA
(2)	Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), secondary containment provided for all tank battery, separation and treating facilities sized to hold the capacity of largest single container and sufficient freeboard for precipitation.	▼Yes □No □NA	▼Yes □No □NA
	Drainage from undiked area safely confined in a catchment basin or holding pond.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(3)	Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), periodically and upon a regular schedule, visually inspect containers for deterioration and maintenance needs, including foundation and supports of each container on or above the surface of the ground	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
the facility reportance areas of oil stair	pumper/gauger is delayed in making regularly scheduled  • High lev	s were provided regarding ion into wellfield. The field otly removed. Those area	ansmit an alarm to the to a computer production  dike drainage because dinspection identified swere around a pump
		PLAN	FIELD
(5)	Flow-through Process Vessels. Alternate requirements in lieu of s		ent required in (c)(2)
/;\	and requirements in (c)(3) above for facilities with flow-through proc	ess vessels.	1 (// /
(i)	Flow-through process vessels and associated components (e.g. dump valves) are periodically and on a regular schedule visually inspected and/or tested for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	Yes No NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(i) (ii)	Flow-through process vessels and associated components (e.g. dump valves) are periodically and on a regular schedule visually inspected and/or tested for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions	T	1
	Flow-through process vessels and associated components (e.g. dump valves) are periodically and on a regular schedule visually inspected and/or tested for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b)  Corrective actions or repairs have been made to flow-through process vessels and any associated components as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of an oil	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	□Yes □No ☑NA
(ii)	Flow-through process vessels and associated components (e.g. dump valves) are periodically and on a regular schedule visually inspected and/or tested for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b)  Corrective actions or repairs have been made to flow-through process vessels and any associated components as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of an oil discharge  Oil removed or other actions initiated to promptly stabilize and remediate any accumulation of oil discharges associated with the	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

(i)	A procedure is implemented on a regular schedule for each produced water container that is designed to separate the freephase oil that accumulates on the surface of the produced water.	∐Yes ∐No ≝NA	∐Yes ∐No <b>⊻</b> NA
	A description is included in the Plan of the procedures, frequency, and amount of free-phase oil expected to be maintained inside the container;	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	
	PE certifies in accordance with §112.3(d)(1)(vi);	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	
	<ul> <li>Records of such events are maintained in accordance with §112.7(e).</li> </ul>	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	If this procedure is not implemented as described in the F		
	facility owner/operator must comply with		ntaineu, then
(ii)	Each produced water container and associated piping is visually inspected, on a regular basis, for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b) in accordance with good engineering practice.	Yes No NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(iii)	Corrective action or necessary repairs were made to any produced water container and associated piping as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of an oil discharge.	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(iv)	Oil removed or other actions initiated to promptly stabilize and remediate any accumulation of oil discharges associated with the produced water container.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(v)	All produced water containers comply with §§112.9(c)(2) and (c)(3) within six months of any produced water container discharge of more than 1,000 U.S. gallons of oil in a single discharge as described in §112.1(b) or discharges of more than 42 U.S. gallons of oil in each of two discharges as described in §112.1(b) within any twelve month period. <sup>13</sup>	Yes No VNA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
Comments: Flo	w-through process vessels and produced water containers associated	d with the lease are within	sized secondary
containment.			
containment.		PLAN	FIELD
	y transfer operations, pumping, and facility process		
	y transfer operations, pumping, and facility process  All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are inspected periodically and upon a regular schedule to determine their general condition. Include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, pumping well polish rod stuffing boxes, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items	PLAN  Yes No NA	FIELD  Yes No NA
112.9(d) Facilit	All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are inspected periodically and upon a regular schedule to determine their general condition. Include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, pumping well polish rod stuffing boxes, bleeder and gauge valves,		
112.9(d) Facilit	All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are inspected periodically and upon a regular schedule to determine their general condition. Include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, pumping well polish rod stuffing boxes, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items  Saltwater (oil field brine) disposal facilities inspected often to detect possible system upsets capable of causing a discharge,	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
112.9(d) Facilit (1)	All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are inspected periodically and upon a regular schedule to determine their general condition. Include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, pumping well polish rod stuffing boxes, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items  Saltwater (oil field brine) disposal facilities inspected often to detect possible system upsets capable of causing a discharge, particularly following a sudden change in atmospheric temperature  If flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines are not provided with secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(c) and the facility is not required to submit an FRP under §112.20, then the	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
112.9(d) Facilit (1) (2) (3)	All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are inspected periodically and upon a regular schedule to determine their general condition. Include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, pumping well polish rod stuffing boxes, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items  Saltwater (oil field brine) disposal facilities inspected often to detect possible system upsets capable of causing a discharge, particularly following a sudden change in atmospheric temperature  If flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines are not provided with secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(c) and the facility is not required to submit an FRP under §112.20, then the SPCC Plan includes:  • An oil spill contingency plan following the provisions of 40 CFR	Yes No NA  Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(2) (3)	All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are inspected periodically and upon a regular schedule to determine their general condition. Include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, pumping well polish rod stuffing boxes, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items  Saltwater (oil field brine) disposal facilities inspected often to detect possible system upsets capable of causing a discharge, particularly following a sudden change in atmospheric temperature  If flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines are not provided with secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(c) and the facility is not required to submit an FRP under §112.20, then the SPCC Plan includes:  • An oil spill contingency plan following the provisions of 40 CFR part 109 <sup>14</sup> • A written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil	Yes □ No □ NA Yes □ No □ NA Yes □ No □ NA	Yes No NA  Yes No NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Note that the implementation of a 40 CFR part 109 plan does not require a PE impracticability determination for this specific requirement

(ii)	Flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines and associated appurtenances are visually inspected and/or tested on a periodic and regular schedule for leaks, oil discharges, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b).  If flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines are not provided with secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(c), the frequency and type of testing allows for the implementation of a contingency plan as described under 40 CFR 109 or an FRP submitted under §112.20	<ul><li>✓ Yes □ No □ NA</li><li>✓ Yes □ No □ NA</li></ul>	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA  ☑ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
(iii)	Repairs or other corrective actions are made to any flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines and associated appurtenances as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of a discharge	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
(iv)	Oil removed or other actions initiated to promptly stabilize and remediate any accumulations of oil discharges associated with the flowlines, intra-facility gathering lines, and associated appurtenances	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
ONSHORE OF	L DRILLING AND WORKOVER FACILITIES—40 CFR 112.10	)	✓ NA
112.10(b)	Mobile drilling or workover equipment is positioned or located to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
	prevent a discharge as described in § 112.1(b)		
112.10(c)	Catchment basins or diversion structures are provided to intercept and contain discharges of fuel, crude oil, or oily drilling fluids	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
112.10(c) 112.10(d)	Catchment basins or diversion structures are provided to intercept	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

This page left intentionally blank.

# ATTACHMENT A: SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW TABLE

**Documentation of Field Observations for Containers and Associated Requirements** 

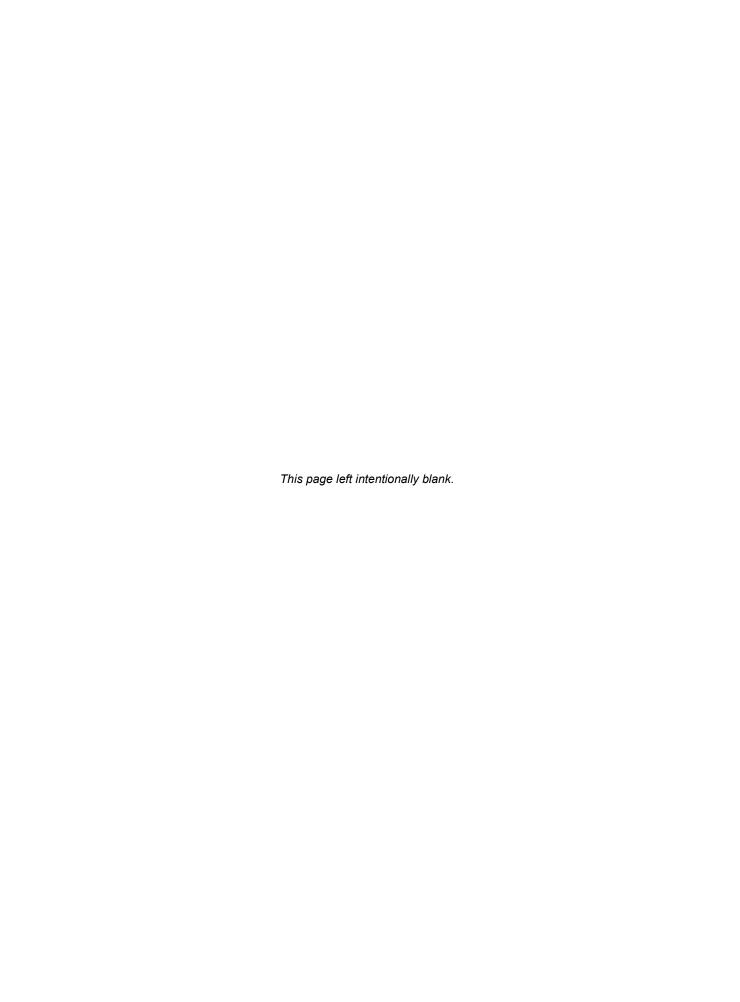
Container Type	Storage Capacity (gal)	Type of Oil	Type of Containment/ Drainage Control	Overfill Protection and Testing & Inspections
	8,400	crude oil and produced water		Flow through to oil storage or produced water tank. Tanks inspected monthly.
	8,400	crude		Overflow lines. Tanks inspected monthly.
Fiberglass and	8,400	crude	Earthen berm containment area	Overnow lines. Tunks inspected monthly
Steel ASTs	8,400			
	8,400	crude oil and produced water		Overflow lines. Tanks inspected monthly.
	8,400			
	50,400	gallons		

# ATTACHMENT B: SPCC INSPECTION AND TESTING CHECKLIST

**Required Documentation of Tests and Inspections** 

Records of inspections and tests required by 40 CFR part 112 signed by the appropriate supervisor or inspector must be kept by all facilities with the SPCC Plan for a period of three years. Records of inspections and tests conducted under usual and customary business practices will suffice. Documentation of the following inspections and tests should be kept with the SPCC Plan.

		Documentation		Not	
	Inspection or Test	Present	Not Present	Not Applicable	
112.7–Gener	al SPCC Requirements				
(d)	Integrity testing for bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made			V	
(d)	Integrity and leak testing of valves and piping associated with bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made			V	
(h)(3)	Inspection of lowermost drain and all outlets of tank car or tank truck prior to filling and departure from loading/unloading rack			V	
(i)	Evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers for potential for brittle fracture or other catastrophic failure when the container undergoes a repair, alteration, reconstruction or change in service or has discharged oil or failed due to brittle fracture failure or other catastrophe			V	
k(2)(i)	Inspection or monitoring of qualified oil-filled operational equipment when the equipment meets the qualification criteria in §112.7(k)(1) and facility owner/operator chooses to implement the alternative requirements in §112.7(k)(2) that include an inspection or monitoring program to detect oil-filled operational equipment failure and discharges	Y			
112.9-Onsho	12.9–Onshore Oil Production Facilities (excluding drilling and workover facilities)				
(b)(1)	Rainwater released directly from diked containment areas inspected following §§112.8(c)(3)(ii), (iii) and (iv), including records of drainage kept			V	
(b)(2)	Field drainage systems, oil traps, sumps, and skimmers inspected regularly for oil, and accumulations of oil promptly removed		V		
(c)(3)	Containers, foundations and supports inspected visually for deterioration and maintenance needs	Y			
(c)(5)(i)	In lieu of having sized secondary containment, flow-through process vessels and associated components visually inspected and/or tested periodically and on a regular schedule for conditions that could result in a discharge as described in §112.1(b)			V	
(c)(6)(ii)	In lieu of having sized secondary containment, produced water containers and associated piping are visually inspected and/or tested for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b) in accordance with good engineering practice			V	
(d)(1)	All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are regularly inspected	Y			
(d)(2)	Saltwater disposal facilities inspected often to detect possible system upsets capable of causing a discharge	V			
(d)(4)(ii)	For flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines without secondary containment, in accordance with §112.7(c), lines are visually inspected and/or tested periodically and on a regular schedule to allow implementing the part 109 contingency plan or the FRP submitted under §112.20		V		



### ATTACHMENT C: SPCC CONTINGENCY PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

|--|--|

40 CFR Part 109-Criteria for State, Local and Regional Oil Removal Contingency Plans

If SPCC Plan includes an impracticability determination for secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(d), the facility owner/operator is required to provide an oil spill contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109, unless he or she has submitted a FRP under §112.20. An oil spill contingency plan may also be developed, unless the facility owner/operator has submitted a FRP under §112.20 as one of the required alternatives to general secondary containment for qualified oil filled operational equipment in accordance with §112.7(k).

109.5-	Development and implementation criteria for State, local and regional oil removal contingency plans 15	Yes	No
(a)	Definition of the authorities, responsibilities and duties of all persons, organizations or agencies which are to be involved in planning or directing oil removal operations.	K	
(b)	Establishment of notification procedures for the purpose of early detection and timely notification of an oil discharge including:		
(1)	The identification of critical water use areas to facilitate the reporting of and response to oil discharges.	<	
(2)	A current list of names, telephone numbers and addresses of the responsible persons (with alternates) and organizations to be notified when an oil discharge is discovered.		Y
(3)	Provisions for access to a reliable communications system for timely notification of an oil discharge, and the capability of interconnection with the communications systems established under related oil removal contingency plans, particularly State and National plans (e.g., National Contingency Plan (NCP)).	>	
(4)	An established, prearranged procedure for requesting assistance during a major disaster or when the situation exceeds the response capability of the State, local or regional authority.	>	
(c)	Provisions to assure that full resource capability is known and can be committed during an oil discharge situation including:	>	
(1)	The identification and inventory of applicable equipment, materials and supplies which are available locally and regionally.	<b>&lt;</b>	
(2)	An estimate of the equipment, materials and supplies that would be required to remove the maximum oil discharge to be anticipated.	K	
(3)	Development of agreements and arrangements in advance of an oil discharge for the acquisition of equipment, materials and supplies to be used in responding to such a discharge.	K	
(d)	Provisions for well-defined and specific actions to be taken after discovery and notification of an oil discharge including:	K	
(1)	Specification of an oil discharge response operating team consisting of trained, prepared and available operating personnel.	Y	
(2)	Pre-designation of a properly qualified oil discharge response coordinator who is charged with the responsibility and delegated commensurate authority for directing and coordinating response operations and who knows how to request assistance from Federal authorities operating under existing national and regional contingency plans.	Y	
(3)	A preplanned location for an oil discharge response operations center and a reliable communications system for directing the coordinated overall response operations.	Y	
(4)	Provisions for varying degrees of response effort depending on the severity of the oil discharge.	<	
(5)	Specification of the order of priority in which the various water uses are to be protected where more than one water use may be adversely affected as a result of an oil discharge and where response operations may not be adequate to protect all uses.		Y
(e)	Specific and well defined procedures to facilitate recovery of damages and enforcement measures as provided for by State and local statutes and ordinances.		Y

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The contingency plan should be consistent with all applicable state and local plans, Area Contingency Plans, and the NCP. Page C-1



# ATTACHMENT D: TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY CHECKLIST

✓ NA

TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY PLAN REQUIREMENTS —40 CFR 112.6(b)				
112.6(b)(1)	Plan Certification: Owner/operator certified in the Plan that:	☐Yes ☐No		
(i)	He or she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR part 112	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA		
(ii)	He or she has visited and examined the facility <sup>16</sup>	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA		
(iii)	The Plan has been prepared in accordance with accepted and sound industry practices and standards and with the requirements of this part	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA		
(iv)	Procedures for required inspections and testing have been established	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA		
(v)	He or she will fully implement the Plan	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA		
(vi)	The facility meets the qualification criteria set forth under §112.3(g)(2)	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA		
(vii)	The Plan does not deviate from any requirements as allowed by §§112.7(a)(2) and 112.7(d), except as described under §112.6(b)(3)(i) or (ii)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA		
(viii)	The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of management and the facility owner or operator has committed the necessary resources to fully implement the Plan.	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA		
112.6(b)(2)	<b>Technical Amendments:</b> The owner/operator self-certified the Plan's technical amendments for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a §112.1(b) discharge	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA		
If YES	<ul> <li>Certification of technical amendments is in accordance with the self-certification provisions of §112.6(b)(1).</li> </ul>	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA		
(i)	A PE certified a portion of the Plan (i.e., Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan)	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA		
If YES	The PE also certified technical amendments that affect the PE certified portion of the Plan as required under §112.6(b)(4)(ii)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA		
(ii)	The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity increased to more than 10,000 U.S. gallons as a result of the change	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA		
If YES	The facility no longer meets the Tier II qualifying criteria in §112.3(g)(2) bec it exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground storage capaci			
	The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under §112.3(d)	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA		
112.6(b)(3)	<b>Plan Deviations:</b> Does the Plan include environmentally equivalent alternative methods or impracticability determinations for secondary containment?	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA		
If <b>YES</b>	Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan:			
	Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2);	Yes No NA		
	Impracticability determination under §112.7(d)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA		
112.6(b)(4)	<ul> <li>For each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written statement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2);</li> </ul>	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA		
	<ul> <li>For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d)</li> </ul>	Yes No NA		
(*)	AND			
(i) (A)	PE certifies in the Plan that:  He/she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112	Yes No NA		
(A) (B)	He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility	Yes No NA		
(C)	The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.	Yes No NA		
Comments: The	facility is not a qualified Tier II facility.			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Note that only the person certifying the Plan can make the site visit *Onshore Oil Drilling, Production and Workover Facilities* 



### ATTACHMENT E: ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Running Foxes Petroleum (RFP) – North Stoner Lease is an oil production operation located in Vernon County, Missouri. The storage tank battery associated with the lease is located just south of the South 100 Road and Hudson Road intersection about 3.4 miles northwest of Richards, Missouri. The lease is located approximately 50 feet east of the Missouri/Kansas border. The North Stoner Lease contains six bulk storage tanks (two crude oil, three produced water, and one gun barrel separator) and has a storage capacity of 50,400 gallons. The North Stoner Lease was selected for an SPCC inspection based on a spill that occurred on June 4, 2020. That spill was reported to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) by a local citizen. Additional details associated with that spill and response are included below. The EPA previously conducted SPCC inspections at the North Stoner Lease in 2016 and 2017, both were as a result of spills.

The SPCC inspection was conducted on August 21, 2020. Mr. Jesse Smith, Field Supervisor with RFP, met with EPA at the lease during the inspection. Prior to the field inspection, EPA obtained a copy of the current SPCC plan from Mr. Joe Taglieri, RFP President. The SPCC Plan is intended to cover multiple RFP leases, including the North Stoner Lease. Lease specific information is addressed in separate sections of the plan.

The spill that was reported on June 4, 2020, was the result of a produced water disposal flow line that broke. The flow line became overpressurized as a result of a malfunctioning float valve. The float valve has reportedly been repaired. The spill occurred just outside, on the south side, of the North Stoner tank battery. Running Foxes personnel stated the spill volume was approximately 150 gallons of produced water. MDNR personnel responded to and oversaw cleanup activities. The MDNR incident number is 200604-1256-SMC.

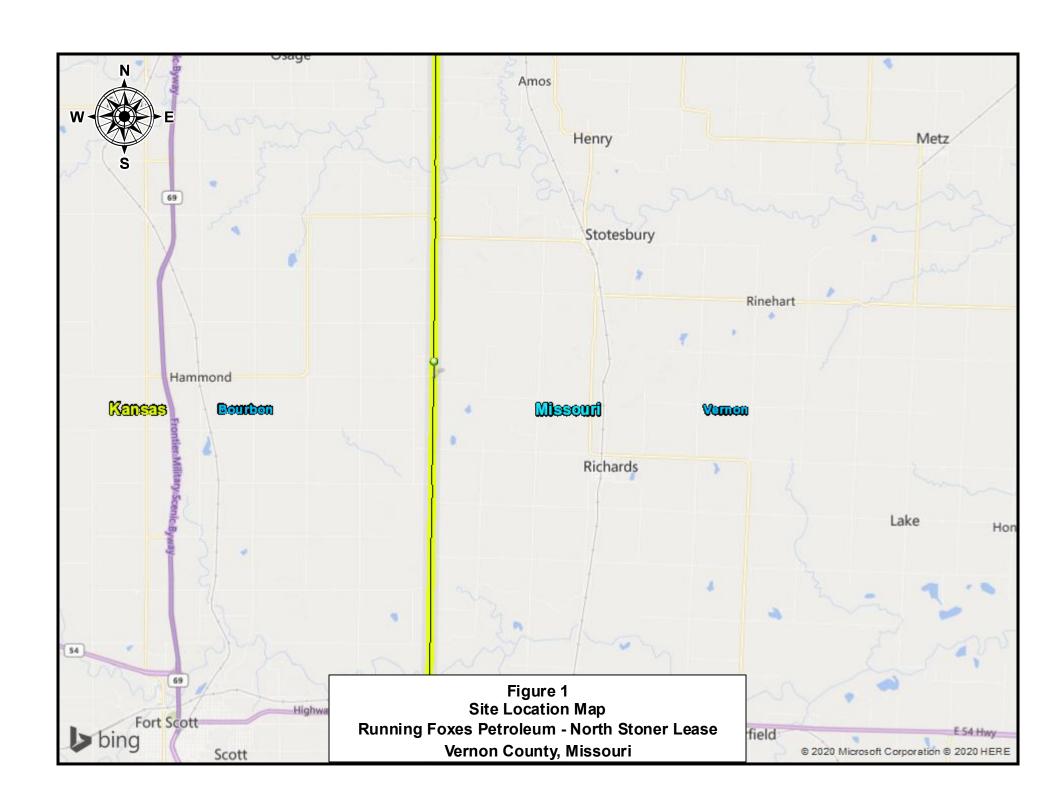
During the SPCC field inspection on August 21, 2020, an area of oil-stained vegetation was noted north of the North Stoner tank battery, along the drainage pathway to the unnamed tributary that flows to Shiloh Creek. Discussions with Running Foxes personnel determined that spill was associated with the nearby Emmerson tank battery and cleanup activities were overseen by the Kansas Corporation Commission. A review of the Kansas WebEOC database identified the following spill information. The spill occurred on July 30, 2020, and was reported on July 31, 2020. The Kansas incident number is 47346. The spill was originally reported as involving two barrels of produced water but later determined to have also involved up to five barrels of oil. The spill did impact the unnamed tributary.

The referenced MDNR spill notification and Kansas WebEOC documentation are attached.

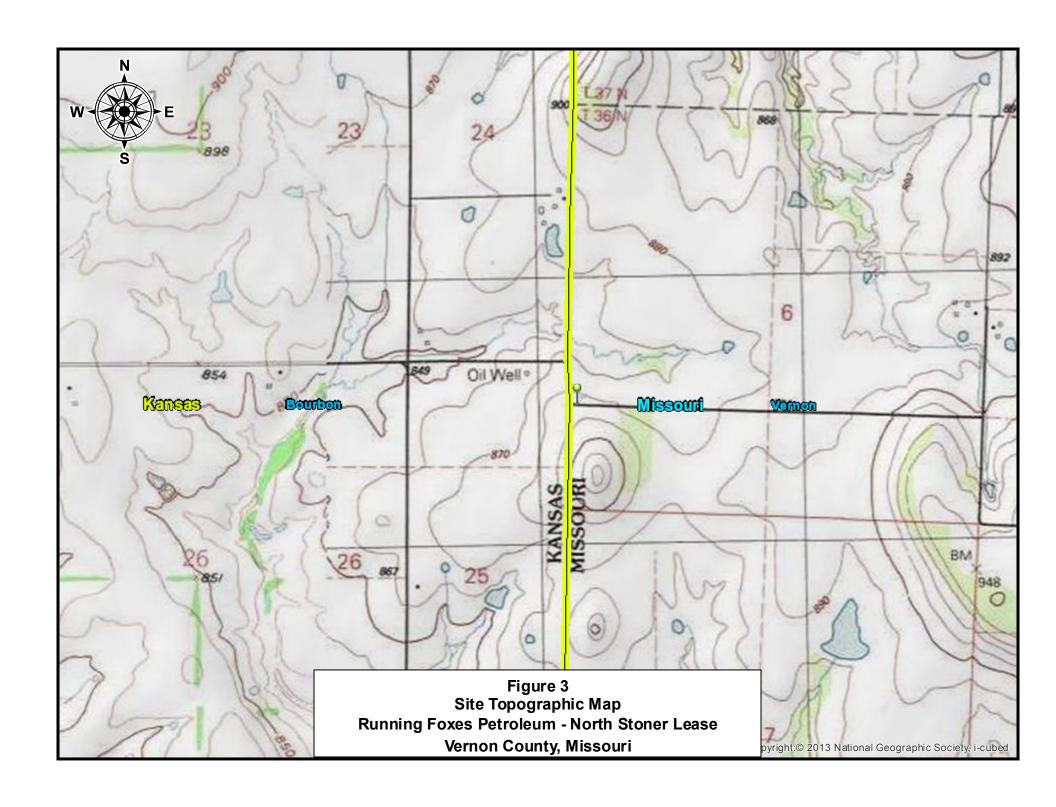
# **ATTACHMENT F: PHOTO DOCUMENTATION NOTES**

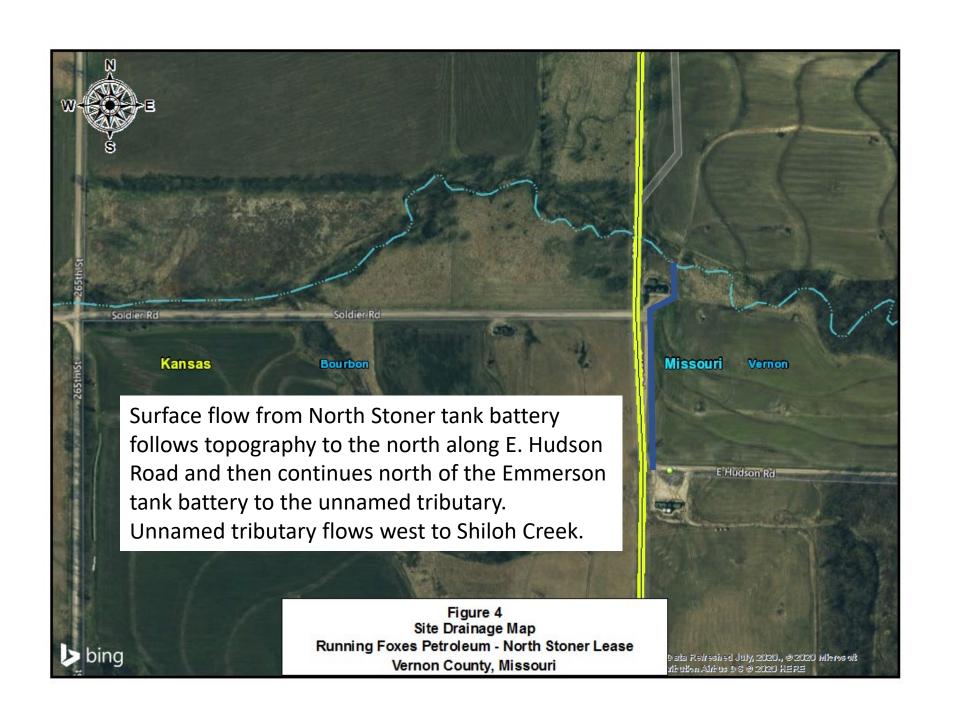
Photo	SPCC Report		
Number	Photolog Number	Direction	Description
IMG 2966	12	North	View of Shiloh Creek at Quail Road
IMG 2967	Not in Photolog	West	View of Shiloh Creek bridge on Quail Road
IMG 2968	Not in Photolog	South	View of Shiloh Creek at Quail Road
IMG 2969	Not in Photolog	North	View of unnamed tributary on Range Road
IMG 2970	Not in Photolog	East	View of unnamed tributary at 265th Street & Soldier Road
IMG 2971	Not in Photolog	North	View of bridge for unnamed tributary at 265th Street & Soldier Road
IMG 2972	Not in Photolog	East	Road sign for 265th Street and Soldier Road
IMG 2973	Not in Photolog	West	View of unnamed tributary at 265th Street & Soldier Road
IMG 2974	Not in Photolog	West	View secondary containment
IMG 2975	4	North	View of 55-gallon drum outside secondary containment
IMG 2976	Not in Photolog	North	View of pumphouse with leaked oil
IMG 2977	Not in Photolog	North	View of bulk storage tanks inside secondary containment
IMG 2978	Not in Photolog	West	View of secondary containment
IMG 2979	Not in Photolog	North	View of secondary containment
IMG 2980	3	East	View of secondary containment
IMG 2981	Not in Photolog	North	View of interior of pumphouse after oil discharge
IMG 2982	5	West	View of interior of pumphouse after oil discharge
IMG 2983	Not in Photolog	West	View of northside of pumphouse
IMG 2984	1	South	View of North Stoner Lease sign
IMG 2985	2	East	View of secondary containment
IMG 2986	Not in Photolog	South	View of secondary containment
IMG 2987	Not in Photolog	South	View of secondary containment
IMG 2988	Not in Photolog	North	View of discharge pathway to north from North Stoner tank battery
IMG 2989	Not in Photolog	West	View of pumpjack/well associated with lease
IMG 2990	Not in Photolog	East	View of flowline pressure gauge inoperable due to fire damage
IMG 2991	Not in Photolog	South	View of wellfield
IMG 2992	6	South	View of wellfield
IMG 2993	7	East	View of pumpjack/well with oil surface staining
IMG 2994	8	South	View of pumpjack/well with oil surface staining
IMG 2995	Not in Photolog	West	View of wellfield
IMG 2996	Not in Photolog	NA	Signed plan documentation
IMG 2997	Not in Photolog	NA	Signed plan documentation
IMG 2998	Not in Photolog	NA	Signed plan documentation
IMG 2999	Not in Photolog	NA	Plan map
IMG 3001	Not in Photolog	NA	Plan map
IMG_3002	11	West	View of unnamed tributary north of Emmerson tank battery
IMG_3003	Not in Photolog	West	View of unnamed tributary north of Emmerson tank battery
IMG_3004	10	Southwest	View of oil stained vegetation north of Emmerson tank battery
IMG_3005	9	North	View of oil stained vegetation north of Emmerson tank battery
IMG_3006	IMG 3006 Not in Photolog West View of oil stained vegetation north of Emmerson tank battery		

All Photographs listed above were taken by OSC Jeff Pritchard on August 21, 2020.









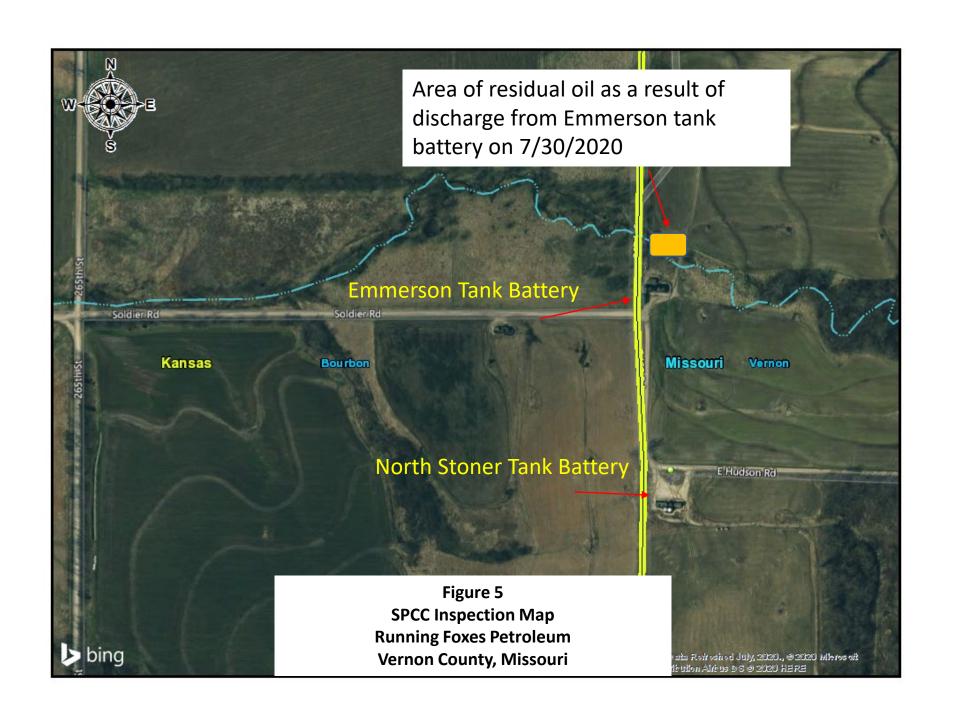




Photo No.: 1	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00	
Photographer: Jeff P	ritchard	Direction: South	
<b>Description:</b> Photograph of the Running Foxes Petroleum – North Stoner Lease tank battery sign.			



Photo No.: 2	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00	
Photographer: Jeff P	ritchard	Direction: East	
<b>Description:</b> Photograph of the north side of the North Stoner tank battery.			





Photo No.: 3	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00	
Photographer: Jeff P	ritchard	Direction: East	
<b>Description:</b> Photograph of the secondary containment berm at the North Stoner tank battery.			



Photo No.: 4	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00	
Photographer: Jeff P	Pritchard	Direction: North	
<b>Description:</b> Photograph of a 55-gallon drum of solvent naphtha located outside of the sized-			
secondary containment dike			





Photo No.: 5	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00	
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: West	
<b>Description:</b> Photograph of the interior of the tank battery pumhouse, located inside secondary			

**Description:** Photograph of the interior of the tank battery pumhouse, located inside secondar containment. A leak in the piping occurred on August 21, 2020, prior to the field inspection.



Photo No.: 6	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: South

**Description:** Photograph of well pump jack, and other pump jacks in the background, associated with North Stoner Lease.





Photo No.: 7	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00		
Photographer: Jeff P	ritchard	Direction: East		
<b>Description:</b> Photograph of pump jack associated with the North Stoner Lease. Oil staining was				
present at the well head and along the runoff path to the south.				



Photo No.: 8	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: Southeast
<b>Description:</b> Photograph of North Stoner well head and oil staining. Running Foxes personnel stated		

the staining was a result of pulling the well piping.





Photo No.: 9	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: South

**Description:** Photograph of oil surface staining in vegetation north of the Emerson tank battery. Running Foxes personnel stated a discharge had recently occurred at this tank battery and a cleanup was conducted under the oversight of the Kansas Corporation Commission.



Photo No.: 10	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: West
<b>Description:</b> Photograph of oil surface staining in vegetation north of the Emerson tank battery.		





Photo No.: 11	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: West
<b>Description:</b> Photograph of unnamed ditch along the discharge path for both North Stoner and		

Emerson tank batteries.



Photo No.:12	<b>Date:</b> August 21, 2020	Time: 13:00
Photographer: Jeff Pritchard		Direction: North

**Description:** Photograph of Shiloh Creek, a perennial stream, located on the discharge pathway from the North Stoner tank battery. This photograph was taken on Quail Road and 265<sup>th</sup> Street.

